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"iAM Smart" Sandbox Programme



Mobile App Integration, Encryption, Decryption



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Agenda



- API Structure Overview
- Mobile App Integration (Android/iOS)
- Self-Service Portal and Testing App
- Encryption and Decryption (KEK/CEK)
- Practical Tips
- Quiz



Disclaimer

The video is intended for preliminary introduction. It shall not be followed as the technical instruction. “iAM Smart” Sandbox Programme would not guarantee the correctness and timeliness of data which could be possibly affected by the modification of development. Development team shall follow the guidelines and policies or enquire to related professionals if any safety apprehension.



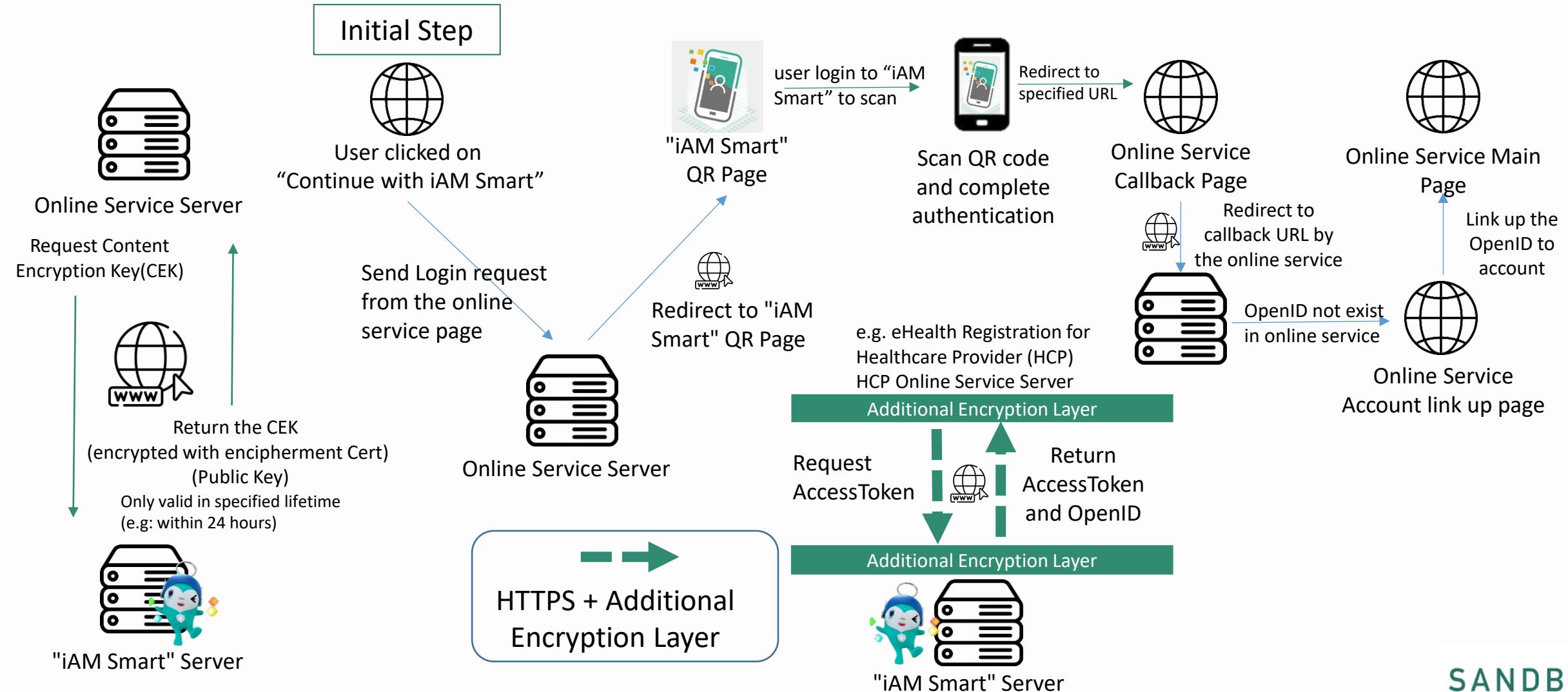
API Structure Overview



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Mobile App Integration (Android/iOS)



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iOS - Universal Links

Universal Links are Apple's solution for deep linking on iOS, allowing a single link to direct users to specific content within an app or a webpage.

iOS



Universal link



Android



Checks App signature

Open App with
package name and
activity class

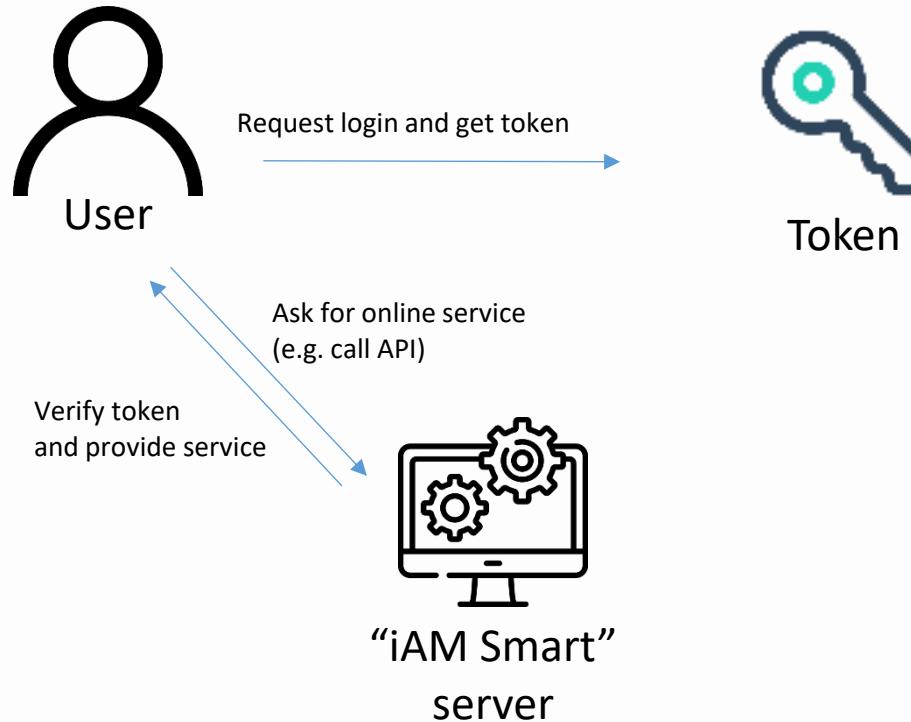


Android - Package name

it does not rely on App Link, making it compatible with both Android devices that have and do not have Google Mobile Services (GMS) enabled.



OAuth 2.0 authentication framework



Introduction

“iAM Smart” APIs are implemented by making reference to OAuth 2.0 having similar flow on authorisation with custom parameter.

FAQ

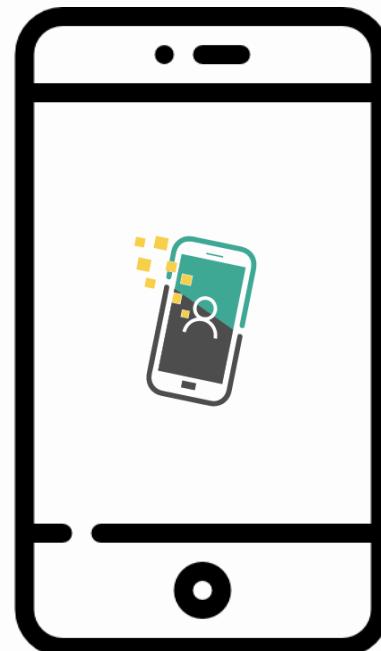
1. Does “iAM Smart” support OpenID Connect?
>> No.
2. Could we re-use the existing OAuth library/ integrate with the identity solutions?
>> No. Online service shall develop the connector to support other identity solutions.



Same Device and Different Device for “iAM Smart” Integration

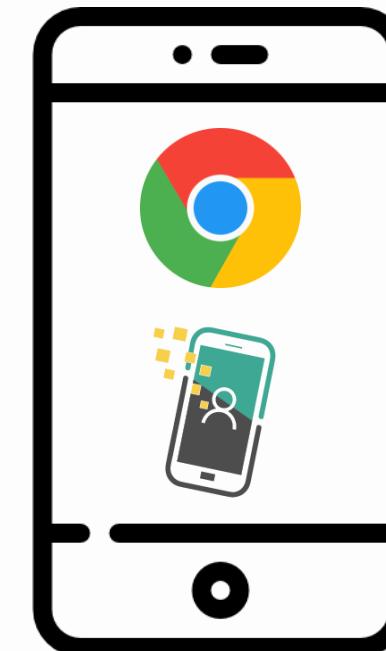
Different Device

Online Service and “iAM Smart” App are not installed in the same mobile phone.



Same Device

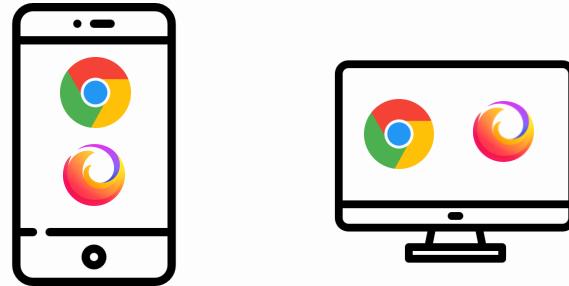
The online service and “iAM Smart” App are installed in the same mobile phone.





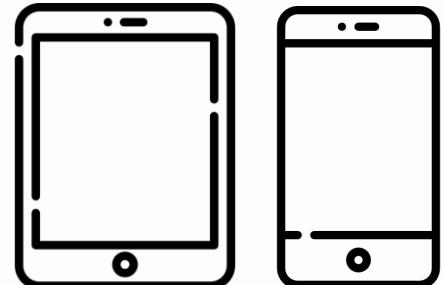
Online Service Website

User accesses the online service with an external browser and triggers “iAM Smart” function in the external browser.



Online Service Mobile App

The online service triggers “iAM Smart” function from App which supports universal link/explicit intent.



Note:

- Different API flow and APIs for online service website and online service mobile app.
- In-app browser/ Webview/ Mini-APP/ SFSafariViewController/ Android Custom Tabs also are considered as App and should follow the mobile app integration.
- Online Service Mobile App shall not call broker page for integration, which will introduce broken journey. (unable to return to Online Service Mobile App)



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High level Overview

A) Online Service Website and "iAM Smart" Mobile App in Different Devices



Online Service Website



"iAM Smart" Mobile App

B) Online Service Website and "iAM Smart" Mobile App in Same Mobile Phone

Single mobile Phone with :

1. "iAM Smart" Mobile App
2. Browser to access Online Service webpage



C) Online Service Mobile App and "iAM Smart" Mobile App in Different Devices



"iAM Smart" Mobile App in one device



Online Service Mobile App in another device

D) Online Service Mobile App and "iAM Smart" Mobile App in Same Mobile Phone

Single mobile Phone with :

1. "iAM Smart" Mobile App
2. Online Service Mobile App

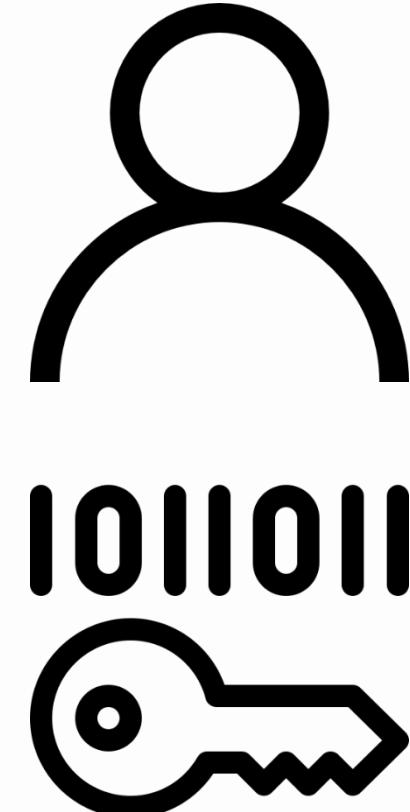




High level Overview

The mobile integration through the system and mobile benefits from security, functionality, and stability.

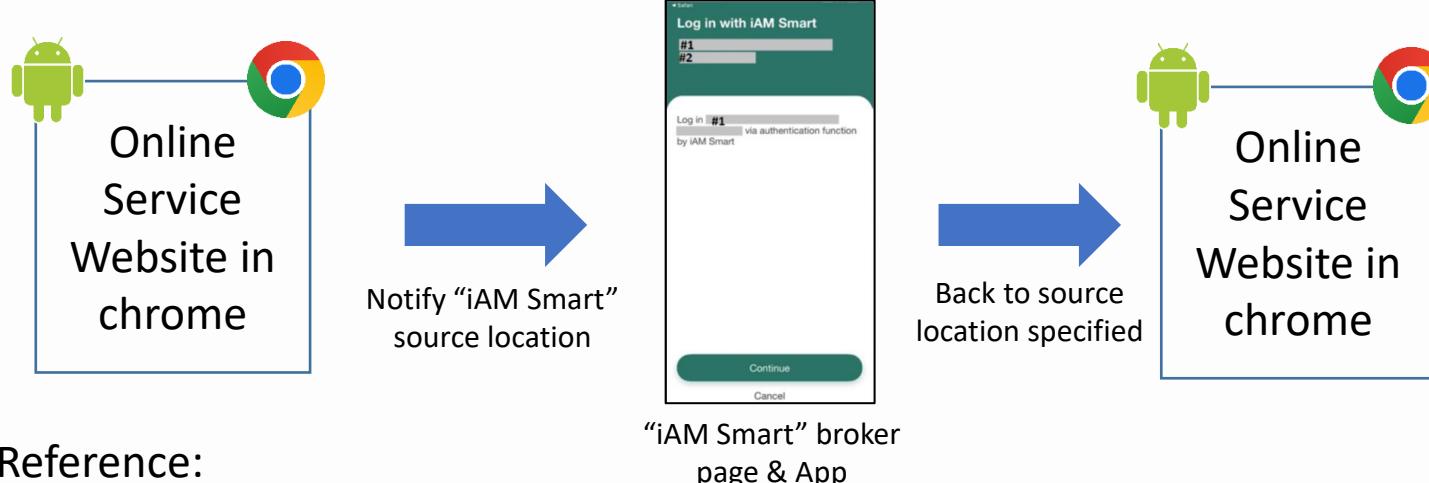
- Improved Functionality: Allows the app to leverage external services, enhancing capabilities (e.g., real-time data, location services).
- Streamlined Workflows: Automates processes and reduces manual intervention, improving efficiency.
- Enhanced User Engagement: Provides personalized experiences by integrating user data and preferences.





Online Service shall detect the user's devices for the sources parameter. The parameter is for “iAM Smart” App redirect to which app/ platforms.

Misconfiguration will introduce broken user journey.



Reference:

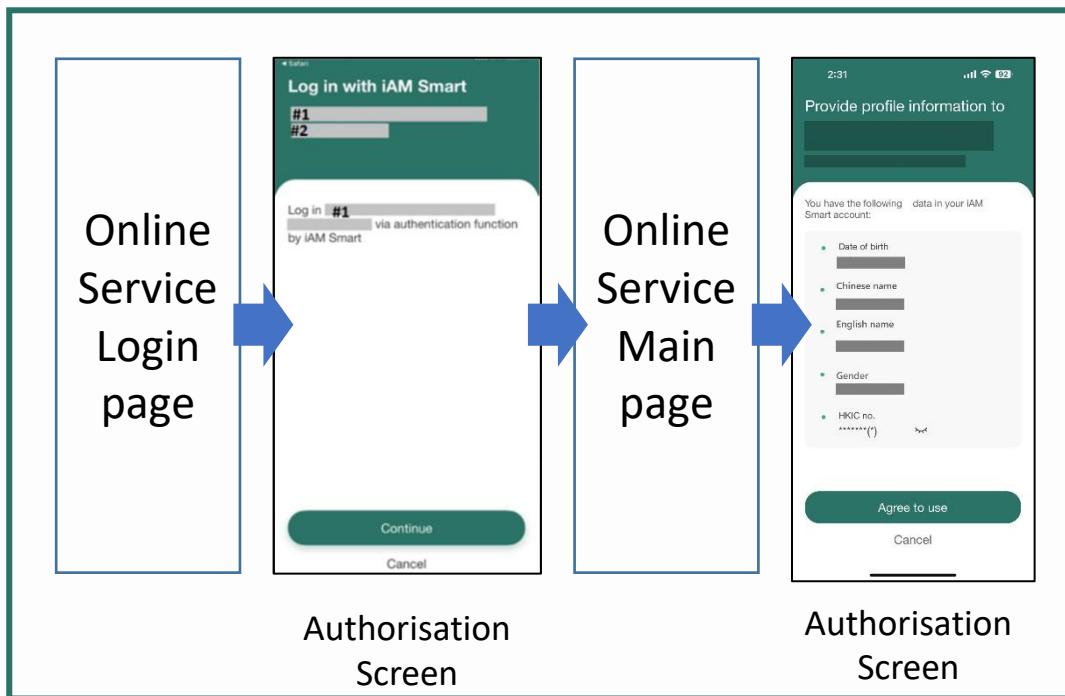
Section B: Supported Value at Source Parameter” in “iAM Smart” API Specification

Platform	Supported Browser / Online Service App calling method	Source
For Online Service <u>Web/App</u> in Different Device and For Online Service <u>Web</u> in Same Device		
Android Browser	Chrome	Android_Chrome
	Firefox	Android_Firefox
	Edge	Android_Edge
	Samsung built-in browser	Android_Samsung
	Huawei built-in browser	Android_Huawei
	Xiaomi built-in browser	Android_Xiaomi
iOS Browser	Safari	iOS_Safari
	Chrome	iOS_Chrome
	Firefox	iOS_Firefox
	Edge	iOS_Edge
Desktop Browser	Chrome, IE, Edge, Firefox, Safari	PC_Browser
For Online Service <u>App</u> in Same Device With “iAM Smart” App API v2		
Online Service Mobile App	To be invoked by Universal Link (iOS)	App_Link
	To be invoked by App_Package (Android)	App_Package
For Online Service <u>App</u> in Same Device With “iAM Smart” App API v1		
Online Service Mobile App	To be invoked by URL Scheme	App_Scheme
	To be invoked by Universal Link (iOS) / App Link (Android)	App_Link



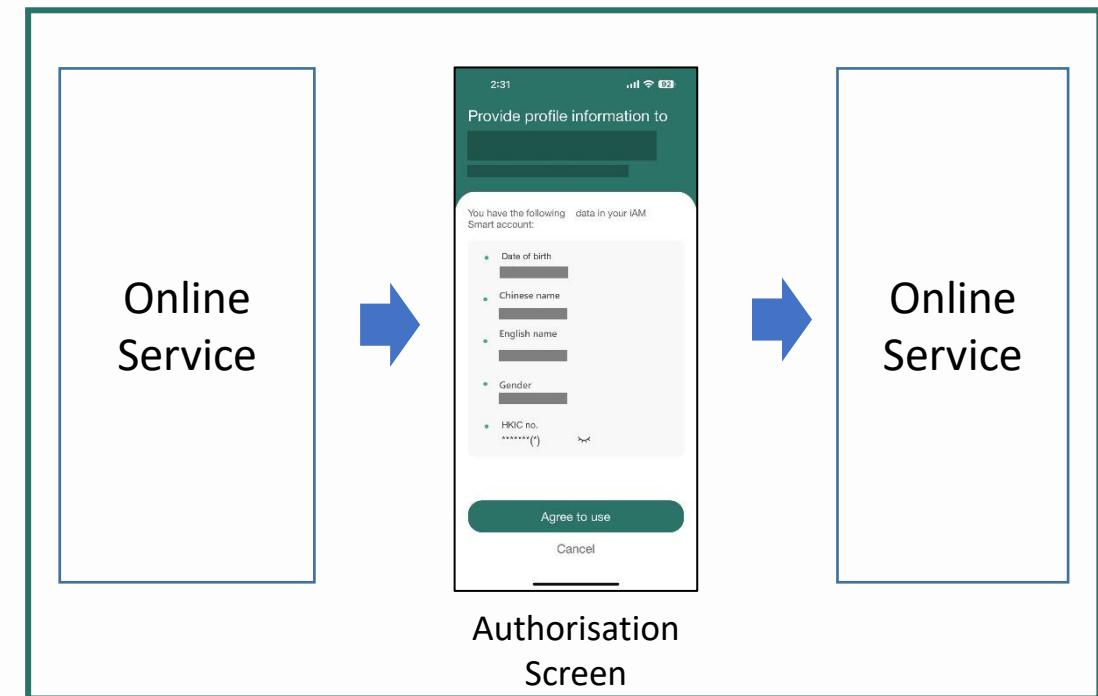
“iAM Smart” APIs with Service Login

The APIs design for the online service support login with “iAM Smart”.



Anonymous APIs (without Service Login)

The APIs design for the online service that do not support login with “iAM Smart”.





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Provide profile information...

Online service name 1 >

Online service name 2 ...

Company/Organization name

You have the following 7 data in your iAM Smart account:
(selectable)

- Date of birth
01-01-1990
- Chinese name
陳大文
- English name
CHAN, Tai Man
- Gender
male
- HKIC no.
*****(*)
- Email
Chantaiman@gmail.com

Agree to use

Cancel

“iAM Smart” App Authorisation Page
(with profile fields)

Profile Fields & e-ME Fields

← Profile Fields: (for identity verification)

Profile fields are the “iAM Smart” users’ account information captured and verified during the registration. Requesting profile information for identity verification purpose should result in displaying as non-editable in the online service. Those information could be:

- Account opening
- Account matching
- Remote account opening

e-ME Fields: (for Form Filling) →

The e-ME fields contain profile fields and additional information that user voluntarily input for better online form filling experience. The data fill by “e-ME” fields shall editable by users.

Full list of “iAM Smart” data fields:
<https://www.iamsmart.gov.hk/tc/about.html#this>

Edit e-ME Page

e-ME Done

You may add relevant profile to e-ME for form filling.

Available data

Primary email	Chantaiman@gmail.com
+ Add Email	
Mobile phone no.	+852
	94567832
Prefix	Mr
Education level	Tertiary or above
Marital status	Single
Postal address	333 Java Road, North Point, Hong Kong

Blank data

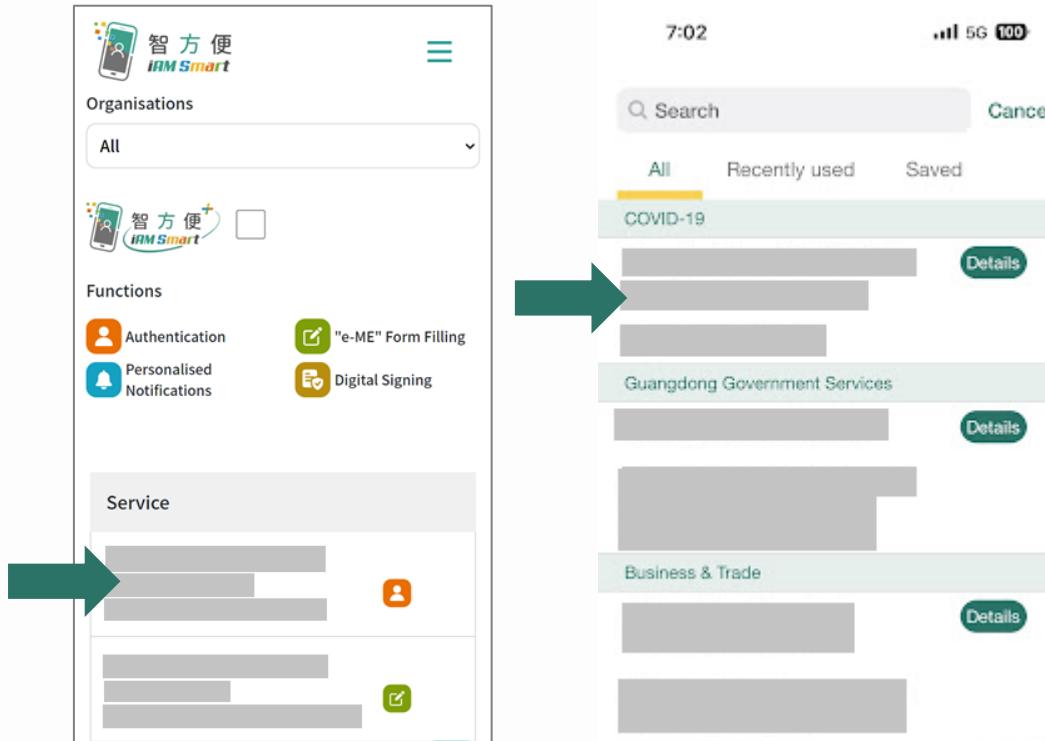
Home phone no.	+852
Phone no.	



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Service Catalogue and Landing Page Design

Both service catalogues in “iAM Smart” App and “iAM Smart” website will list the online services for user to trigger. Online Service shall submit the design of landing page of this trigger in early stage for comment.



Ref: https://www.iamsmart.gov.hk/en/e-service-non_gov.html

Design 1: “iAM Smart” Badge

It explains how “iAM Smart” is integrated into the system with the “iAM Smart” badge.



Design 2: Trigger “iAM Smart” functions

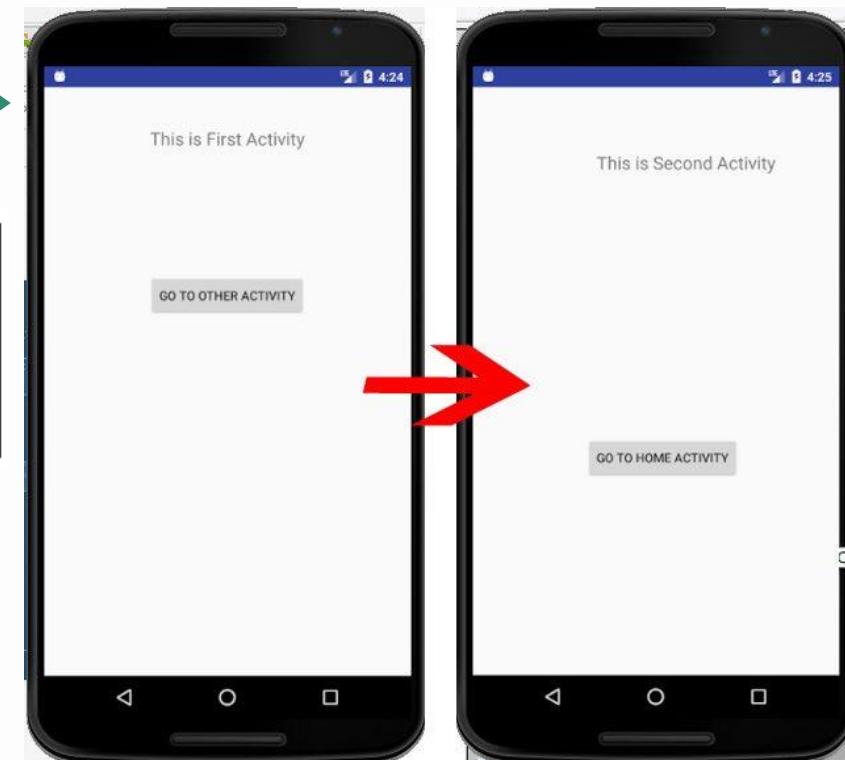


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By creating the intent with package name and activity class, the specific target activity would be invoked.

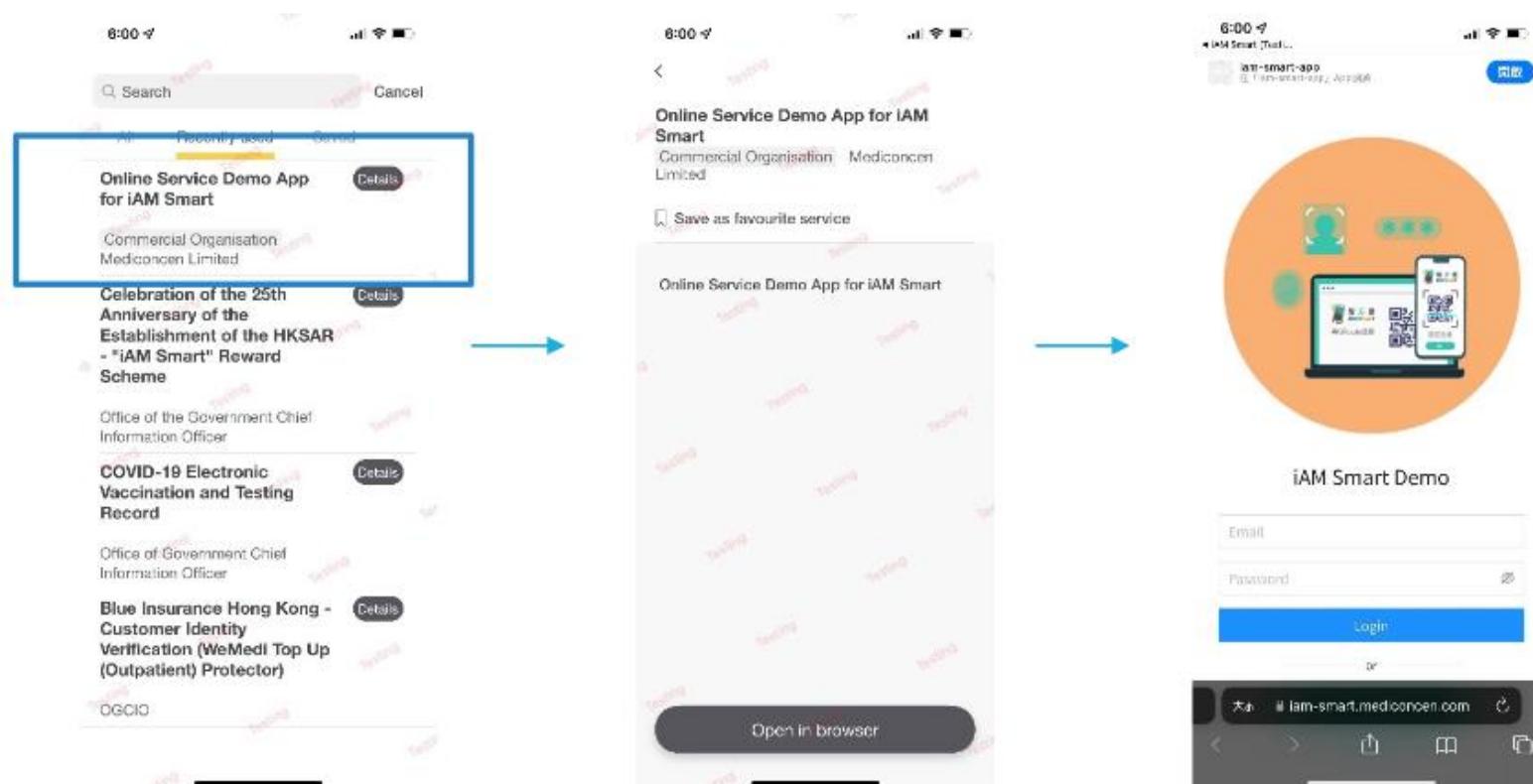
```
Intent ii=new Intent(<package name>, <activity class name>);  
ii.putExtra("code", "0ad186353c424c64897fcc00445c9ba1");  
ii.putExtra("state", "eddd527b6");  
startActivity(ii);
```



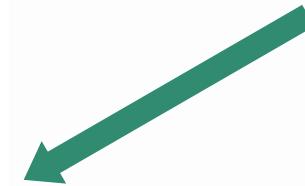
For proper management of the application, the package name shall be provided 3 months before.



Universal Link would be similar to the package name in Android which allows user to open the service through iAM Smart.



The Universal Link shall be submitted before the application onboarding.



Once the link is approved by the self service portal. It would be available within a short effective time.



Self-Service Portal and Testing App



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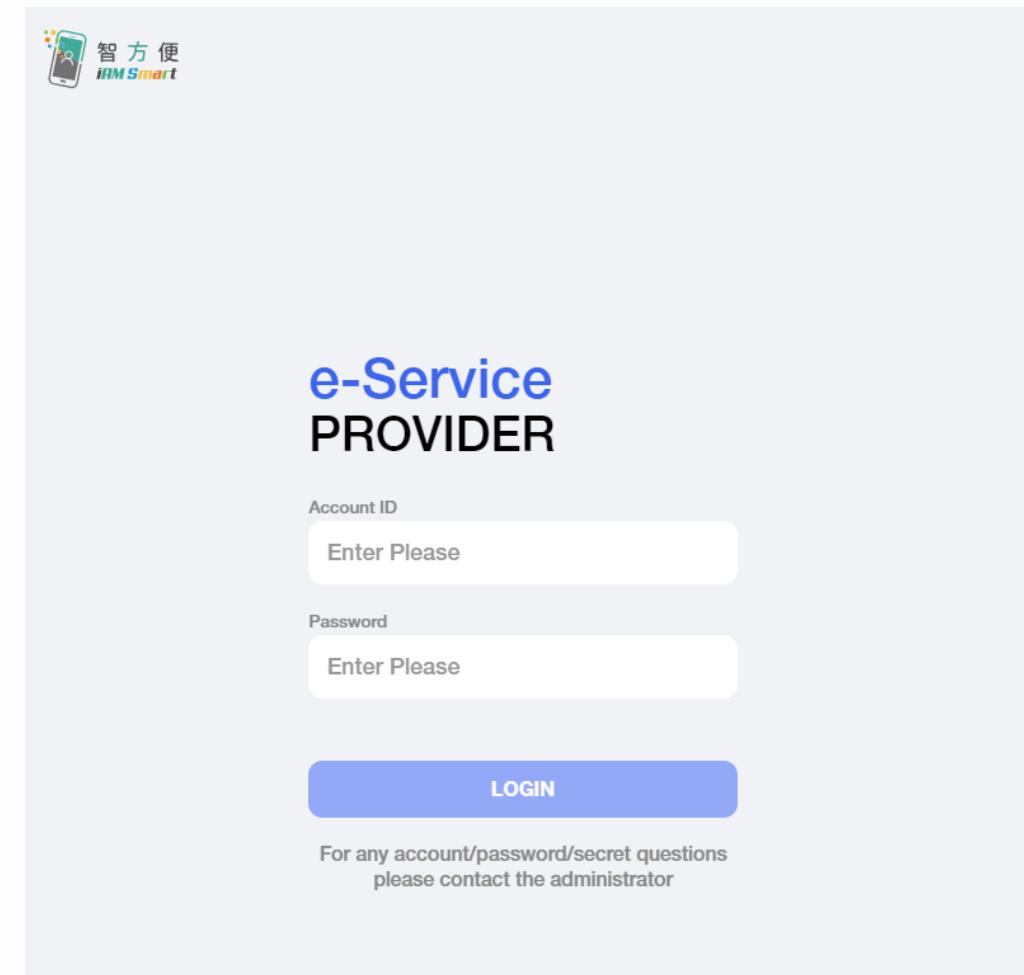


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Self Service Portal

Major Functions:

- View integration information:
 - E.g. Client ID, Client Secret, approved API scopes, Service Catalogue records, etc.
- Each application (online service) has two set of accounts (1 set for Testing and 1 set for Production environments)
- Upload Encryption Certification (KEK)
- Maintain the whitelist for callback URI (RedirectURI)
- Maintain Creator and Approver Accounts





Edit Callback URL Info
View/edit callback URL configuration information

No.	Callback URL/Package Name	Remark
1	<input type="checkbox"/> As Package Name Enter Please	Optional
2	<input type="checkbox"/> As Package Name Enter Please	Optional
3	<input type="checkbox"/> As Package Name Enter Please	Optional
4	<input type="checkbox"/> As Package Name Enter Please	Optional
5	<input type="checkbox"/> As Package Name Enter Please	Optional
6	<input type="checkbox"/> As Package Name Enter Please	Optional
7	<input type="checkbox"/> As Package Name Enter Please	Optional
8	<input type="checkbox"/> As Package Name Enter Please	Optional

Please enter the application reason

Submit **Cancel**

Online Service is required to implement its own callback APIs to support the return of asynchronous API response from the iAM Smart System when invoking the corresponding iAM Smart APIs. Online service provider can setup their callback URL via Self Service Portal



Administrator

The administrator for an online service (Client ID), nominated and specified in the application form. The administrator is responsible for managing the creator and approver accounts.



Creator

The creator created by administrator, who responsible to create change request for redirectURI (callback URI) and encryption certificate.



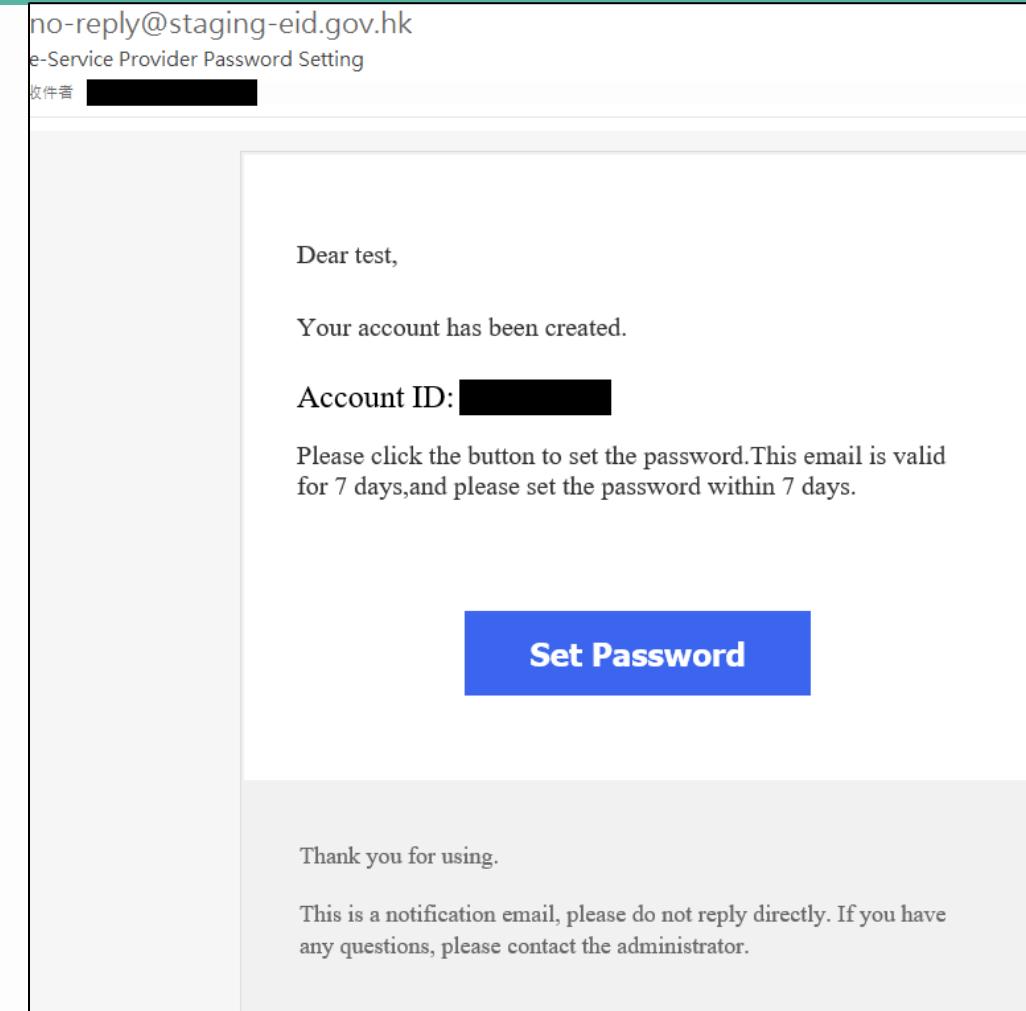
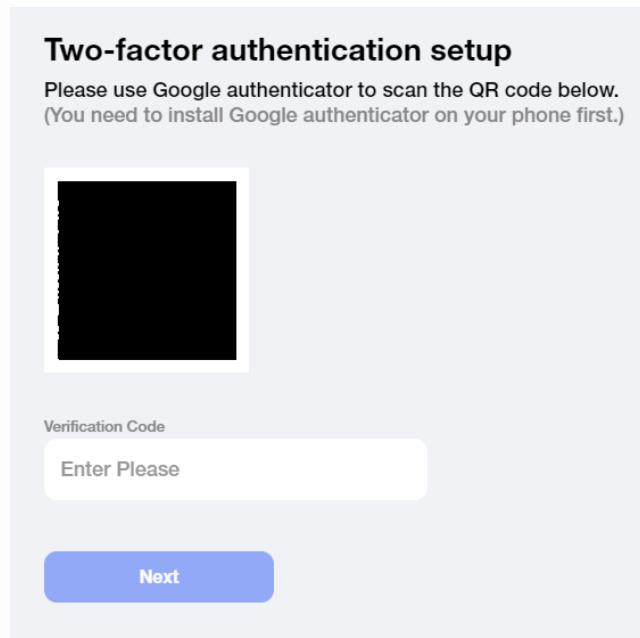
Approver

The approver created by administrator, who responsible to approve the change request created by creator.

Note: the account shall own by different team members.



1. Administrator, Creator and Approver will receive a password setup email.
2. Use (download if necessary) an authenticator mobile app to setup two-factor authentication.





1. Select the KEK Certificate
2. Click “+ Add Certificate” button to proceed.

URL Configuration

KEK Certificate

Alarm Configuration

KEK Certificate

View/edit KEK Certificate information

#	Certificate Name	Active Date	Expiry Date	Status	Action
1	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	View details

+ Add Certificate

e-Service PROVIDER

demo creator

my account | sign out

Back to list

Certification Upload

View and manage certification information

Upload 1

Effective 2

Activation Type: Immediate Activation 3 Regular Activation

update cert 4

Submit 5 Cancel



Manage the redirectURI whitelist

1. Select the “URL Configuration” section.
2. Click the “Edit Callback URL” button to edit

The screenshot shows the 'e-Service PROVIDER' section of the portal. On the left, there are three options: 'URL Configuration' (circled in red), 'KEK Certificate', and 'Alarm Configuration'. On the right, there is a table titled 'Edit Callback URL' with two rows. The first row has 'No.' 1, 'As Package Name' checked (circled in red), 'Callback URL/Package Name' 'Enter Please', and 'Remark' 'Optional'. The second row has 'No.' 2, 'As Package Name' unchecked, 'Callback URL/Package Name' 'Enter Please', and 'Remark' 'Optional'. The top right of the screen shows 'my account' and 'sign out'.

Fill the form

1. Enter the callback URL(s) of the online service (including universal links/ verified applinks/ callback for authcode/ callbacks)
2. For Mobile App integration, please check “Package Name” and fill the package name and fingerprint

The screenshot shows the 'Edit Callback URL Info' form. It has a table with two rows. The first row has 'No.' 1, 'As Package Name' checked (circled in red), 'Callback URL/Package Name' 'Enter Please', and 'Remark' 'Optional'. The second row has 'No.' 2, 'As Package Name' unchecked, 'Callback URL/Package Name' 'Enter Please', and 'Remark' 'Optional'. There is a '+' button at the bottom right of the table. Above the table, there is a link 'Back to list' and a sub-section 'Edit Callback URL Info' with the text 'View/edit callback URL configuration information'.



Approver approves the changes

1. The approver login and review the changes.
2. Approver approves the changes with remarks.

#	Properties	Item	Application Time	Apply For	Status	Action
1	URL Configuration	URL Configuration	03 Oct, 2024 18:02:15	Modification	Pending	Approve
2	URL Configuration	URL Configuration	17 Sep, 2024 15:43:49	Modification	Approved	View details
3	URL Configuration	URL Configuration	19 Apr, 2023 14:49:46	Modification	Approved	View details

e-Service PROVIDER

Last login on 09/10/2024 15:10

my account | sign out

< Back to list

Approve

Review the application form and approve

Properties: URL Configuration Apply For: Modification

Applicant: [redacted] Application Time: 07 Oct, 2024 15:00:57

Reason For Application: remove callbacks

Approve unused callbacks

Approve **Reject**



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"iAM Smart" Testing App

What is "iAM Smart" Testing App?

Testing environment version of "iAM Smart" App with pre-assigned testing account to simulate "iAM Smart" user in testing environment.

Supported Platforms:

iOS (TestFlight) and Android (PlayStore)

How to download :

By invitation only, please refer to the testing environment application form for nomination details.

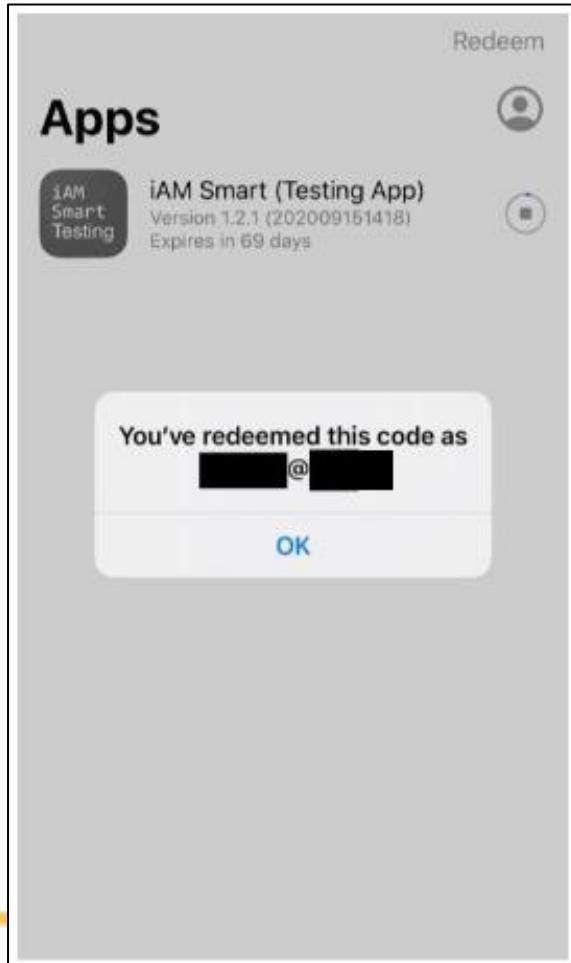
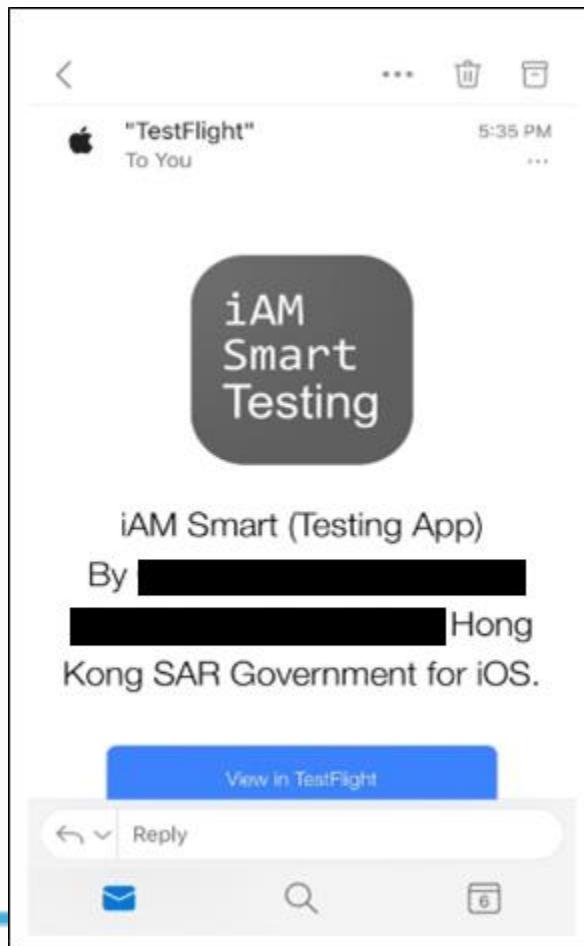




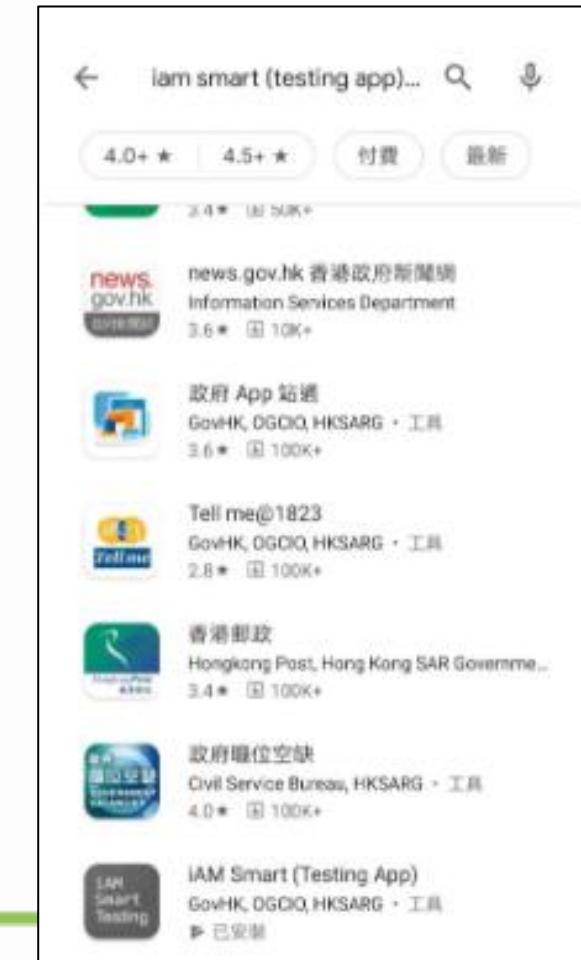
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"iAM Smart" Testing App - How to download

iOS (TestFlight)



Android (PlayStore)





Introduction to iAM Smart

iAM Smart mobile app provides the one-stop personalised digital services platform, which enables users to log in and use online services by their personal mobile phone in a smart and convenient way.

[Register now](#)

[Transfer Account To This Mobile](#)



How can I get the testing account for testing?

Please click “Transfer Account To This Mobile) and scan the QR code provided by support team to access the testing account.

Can I install the Testing App with production app in the same device?

No. The support team suggests you to install either one to avoid any confusion for your use of production app.

Can I request custom accounts with specified HKIC no. and name?

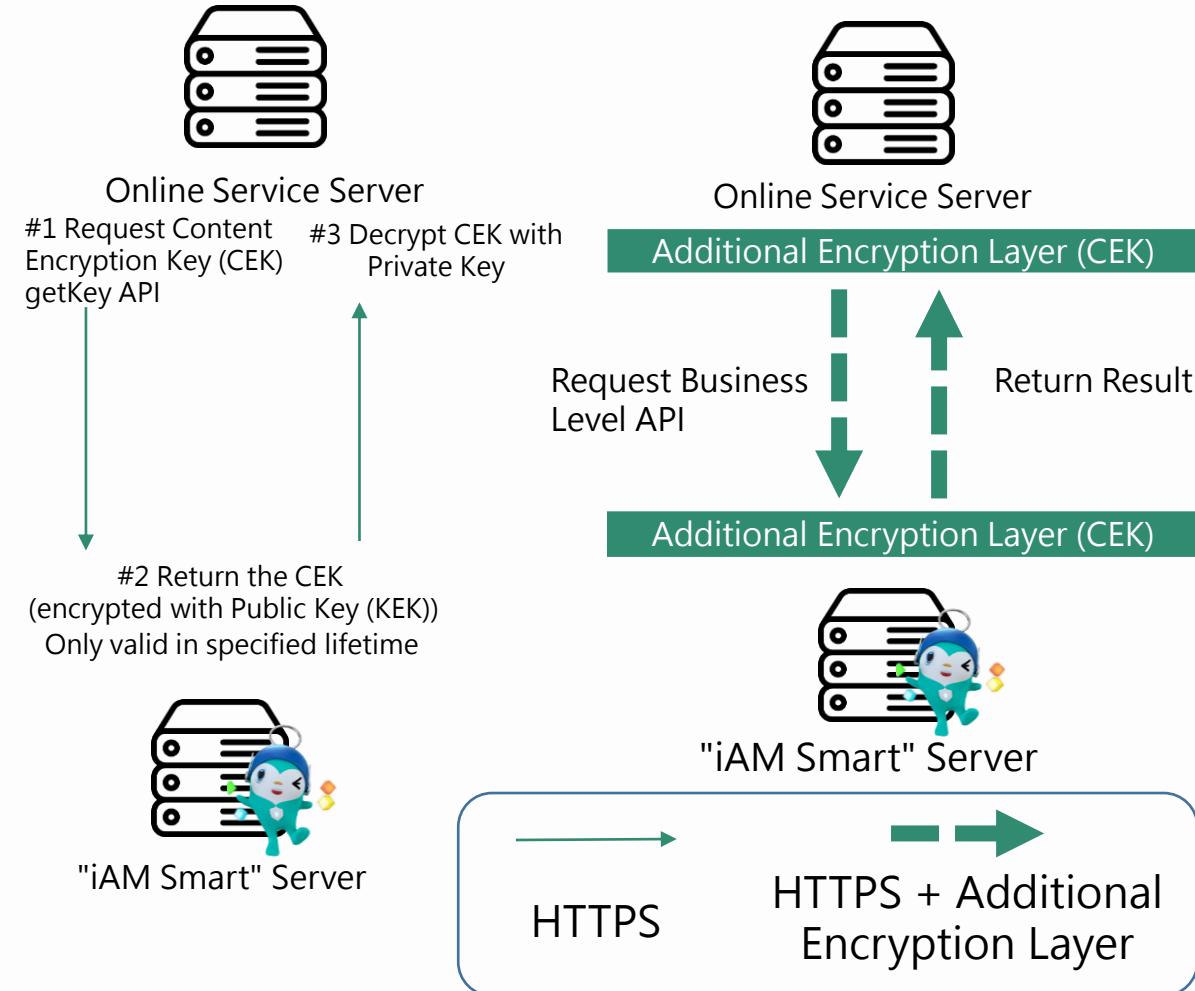
Online service shall use the pre-assigned accounts only.

Encryption and Decryption (KEK/CEK)





Additional Encryption Layer (KEK + CEK)



Highlight

- All traffics between online service Server and “iAM Smart” Server protect by HTTPS
- All business level APIs protect by KEK + CEK

Key Encryption Key (KEK)

- The public key for encrypting CEK from “iAM Smart” Server uploaded by online service.
- Protect CEK

Content Encryption Key (CEK)

- AES256 symmetric encryption key
- Generate by “iAM Smart” Server (valid for period of time) for each online service. (per client id)
- Protect all business APIs



Requirements

- Apply from HKRCA (HKPost / DigiSign)
- 1 for “iAM Smart” testing environment (Trial Cert)
- 1 for “iAM Smart” production environment (Production Cert)

Reference:

Hong Kong Recognized Certification Authorities (HKRCA)

https://www.digitalpolicy.gov.hk/tc/our_work/digital_infrastructure/legal_framework/regulation/eto/ca/disclosure_records/

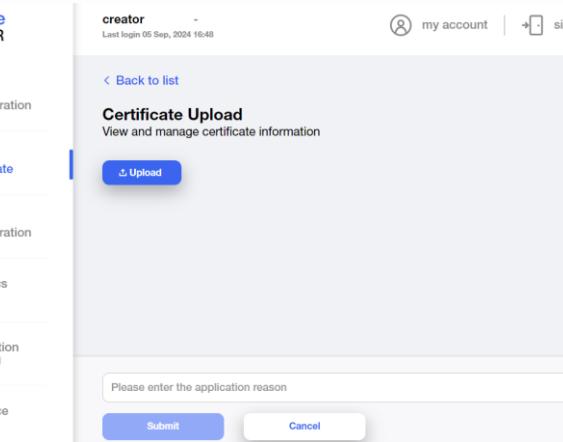
HongKong Post

<https://www.ecert.gov.hk/support/faq/index.html#C35>

Configuration

- Upload to self-service portal (.cer file)
- Configured by creator account
Effective Time: Immediate/ Schedule
- Approved by approver account

Reference:
Self-service Portal
<https://<iAM Smart domain for testing/ production environment>/ESP/index.html>



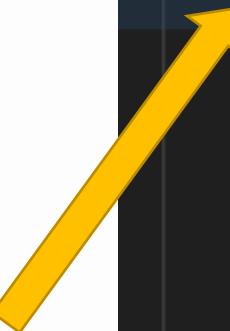


Common parameters

- clientID
- signatureMethod
- nonce
- timestamp
- Signature
 - Sometimes the responsebody could be empty

For Other APIs

- All parameter shall be encrypted by CEK and put into request body.



```
// For getKey callApi("api/v1/security/getKey", null, null);
protected String callApi(String path, @Nullable ObjectNode content, @Nullable byte[] cek) {
    // Post Method
    String body = null;
    if (content != null) { ...
}

HttpEntity<String> request = new HttpEntity<>(body,
getHttpHeaders(body));
return restTemplate.postForObject(iamDomain + path,
request, String.class);
}
```



Request Content Encryption Key (CEK) - 2

Common parameters / Headers

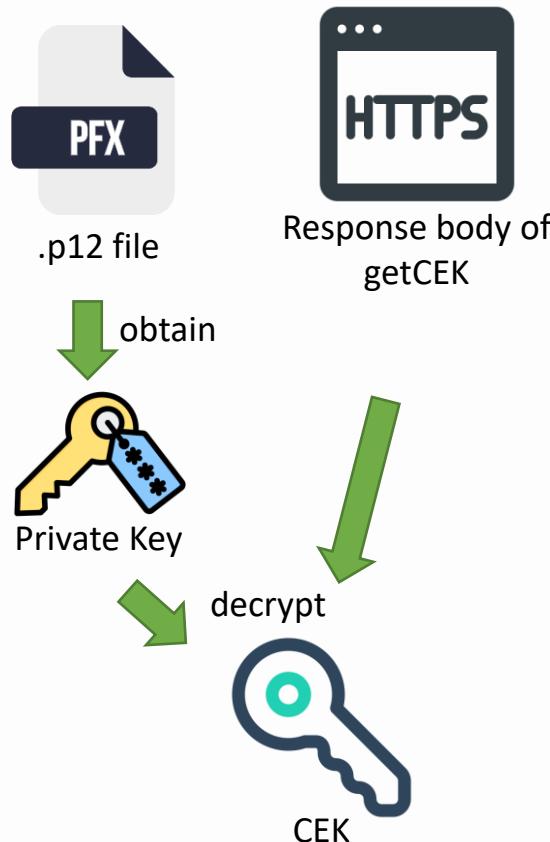
- clientId
- signatureMethod
- nonce
- Timestamp (sync with HKO)
- Signature

Sha256(clientId +
“HmacSHA256” + timestamp +
nonce + requestContent)

```
private HttpHeaders getHttpHeaders(@Nullable String contentJsonString) {  
    String timestamp = String.valueOf(System.currentTimeMillis());  
    String nonce = UUID.randomUUID().toString().replace("-", "");  
    String message = clientId + Constants.SIGNATURE_METHOD + timestamp + nonce  
        + ((contentJsonString != null) ? contentJsonString : "");  
  
    HttpHeaders headers = new HttpHeaders();  
    headers.set("clientID", clientId);  
    headers.set("signatureMethod", Constants.SIGNATURE_METHOD);  
    headers.set("timestamp", timestamp);  
    headers.set("nonce", nonce);  
    headers.set("signature", getSignature(message));  
    headers.setContentType(MediaType.APPLICATION_JSON);  
  
    return headers;  
}  
  
private String getSignature(String message) {  
    Mac sha256HMAC = null;  
    sha256HMAC = Mac.getInstance(Constants.SIGNATURE_METHOD);  
    SecretKeySpec secretKey = new SecretKeySpec(clientSecret.getBytes(), Constants.  
    SIGNATURE_METHOD);  
    sha256HMAC.init(secretKey);  
  
    String hash = Base64.getEncoder().encodeToString(sha256HMAC.doFinal(message.getBytes()));  
  
    return URLEncoder.encode(hash, StandardCharsets.UTF_8);  
}
```



Decrypt CEK from Response Body



2. Responses body of getKey

```
{  
  "code": "D00000",  
  "message": "SUCCESS",  
  "content": {  
    "secretKey": "MutnnSELNFBmxWtdfi1Nw3apCcE.....",  
    "pubKey": "MIIBIjANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQEFA.....",  
    "issueAt": 1725865558348,  
    "expiresIn": 7200000  
  },  
  "txID": ""  
}
```

3. Get the CEK using private key to decrypt

```
public static byte[] decryptCek(String secretKey) {  
    PrivateKey privateKey = securityKey.getPrivateKey();  
  
    Cipher cipher = null;  
    cipher = Cipher.getInstance(Constants.RSA_ECB_PKCS1Padding);  
    cipher.init(Cipher.DECRYPT_MODE, privateKey);  
    byte[] secretKeyByte = Base64.getDecoder().decode(secretKey.getBytes());  
    return cipher.doFinal(secretKeyByte);  
}  
return null;
```

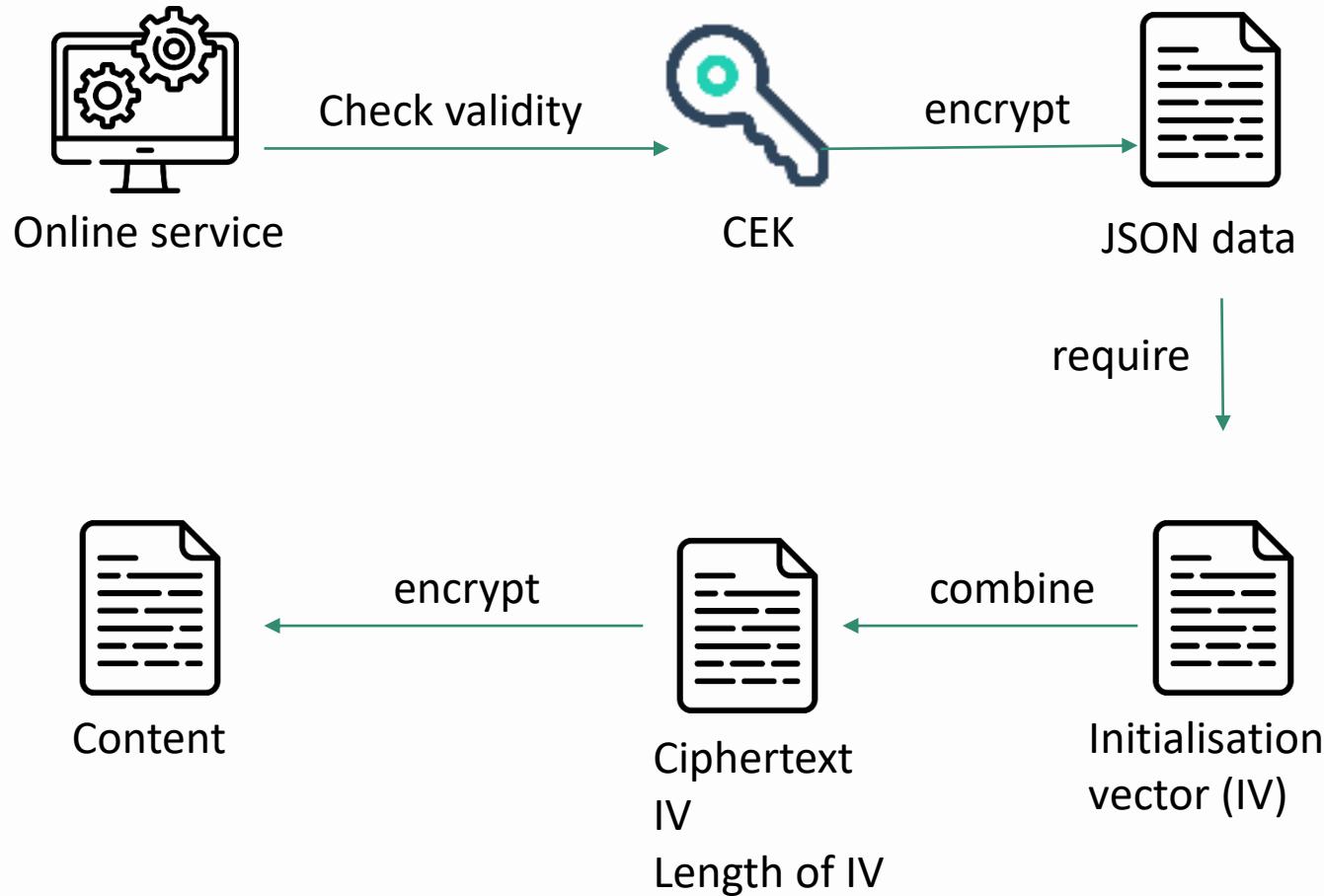
1. Extract the private key from p12 file

```
public SecurityKey getSecurityKey() throws IOException, KeyStoreException, CertificateException {  
    // Step 1: Create an instance of SecurityKey  
    SecurityKey securityKey = new SecurityKey();  
  
    // Step 2: Try-with-resources to manage resource cleanup  
    try (Reader reader = new InputStreamReader(pinResource.getInputStream(), StandardCharsets.UTF_8);  
         InputStream p12Is = p12Resource.getInputStream()) {  
        // Step 3: Read the PIN from the resource  
        String pin = FileCopyUtils.copyToString(reader);  
        char[] keyPass = pin.toCharArray();  
  
        // Step 4: Load the KeyStore  
        KeyStore keystore = KeyStore.getInstance(KeyStore.getDefaultType());  
        keystore.load(p12Is, keyPass);  
  
        // Step 5: Iterate through the aliases in the KeyStore  
        Enumeration<String> enumeration = keystore.aliases();  
        while (enumeration.hasMoreElements()) {  
            // Get each alias  
            String alias = enumeration.nextElement();  
  
            // Step 6: Get the key associated with the alias  
            Key key = keystore.getKey(alias, keyPass);  
            if (key instanceof PrivateKey) {  
                // Set the private key in the SecurityKey object  
                securityKey.setPrivateKey((PrivateKey) key);  
            }  
        }  
    }  
    // Step 7: Return the SecurityKey object  
    return securityKey;  
}
```



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Make an API request with CEK?



1. Make API Request with CEK Encryption

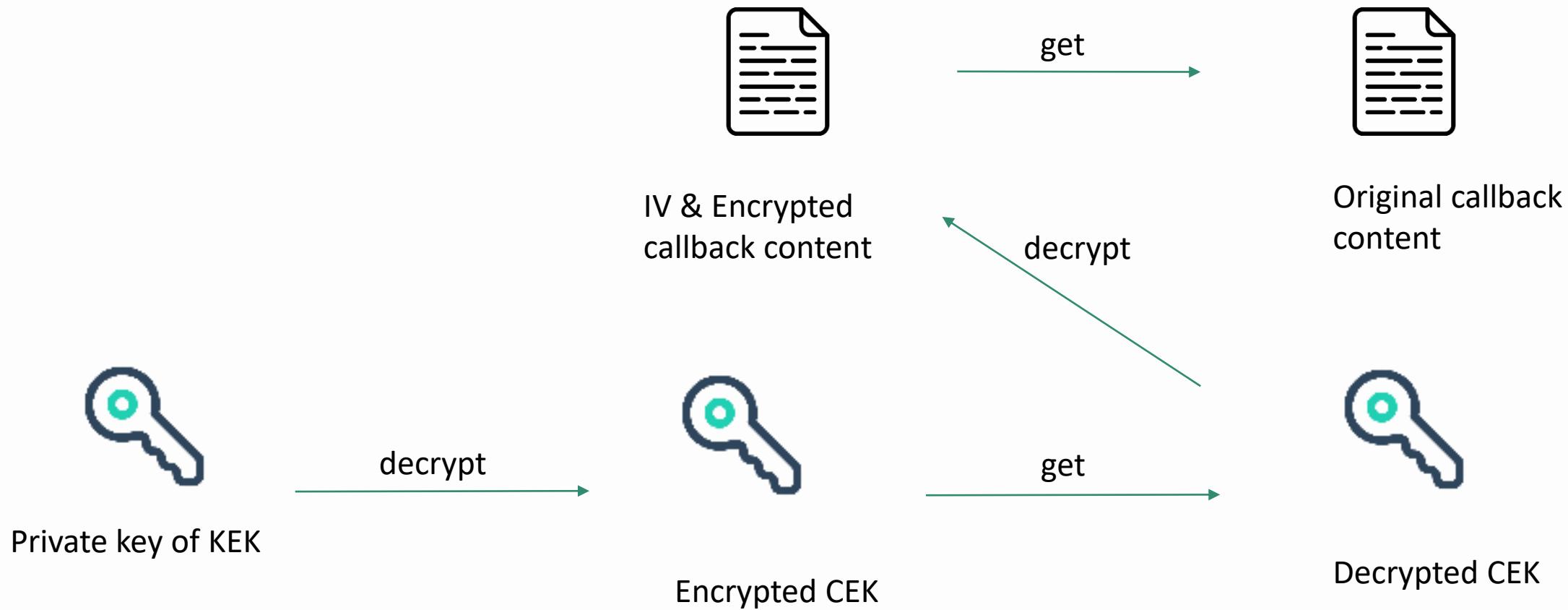
```
protected String callApi(String path, @Nullable ObjectNode content, @Nullable byte[] cek) {  
    // Post Method  
    String body = null;  
    if (content != null) {  
        ObjectMapper objectMapper = new ObjectMapper();  
  
        String jsonString = content.toString();  
        String contentEncrypted = Security.encrypt(jsonString, cek);  
  
        ObjectNode jsonObj;  
        jsonObj = objectMapper.createObjectNode();  
        jsonObj.put("content", contentEncrypted);  
  
        body = jsonObj.toString();  
    }  
  
    HttpEntity<String> request = new HttpEntity<>(body, getHttpHeaders(body));  
    return restTemplate.postForObject(iamDomain + path, request, String.class);  
}
```

2. Encrypt JSON content with CEK

```
public static String encrypt(String content, byte[] key) {  
  
    String result = "";  
  
    try {  
        byte[] contentByte = content.getBytes();  
  
        SecretKeySpec sKeySpec = new SecretKeySpec(key, Constants.ALGORITHM_AES);  
  
        byte[] encrypted;  
  
        SecureRandom secureRandom = new SecureRandom();  
        byte[] iv = new byte[Constants.IV_LENGTH];  
        secureRandom.nextBytes(iv);  
  
        Cipher cipher = Cipher.getInstance(Constants.AES_GCM_NOPADDING);  
        GCMParameterSpec parameterSpec = new GCMParameterSpec(Constants.GCM_AUTH_TAG_LENGTH, iv);  
        cipher.init(Cipher.ENCRYPT_MODE, sKeySpec, parameterSpec);  
        encrypted = cipher.doFinal(contentByte);  
  
        ByteBuffer byteBuffer = ByteBuffer.allocate(Constants.INT_BYTE_LENGTH + iv.length + encrypted.length);  
        byteBuffer.putInt(iv.length);  
        byteBuffer.put(iv);  
        byteBuffer.put(encrypted);  
        byte[] cipherMessage = byteBuffer.array();  
  
        result = Base64.getEncoder().encodeToString(cipherMessage);  
    } catch (Exception e) {  
        e.printStackTrace();  
    }  
}
```



After receive the callback





Practical Tips



智方便
iAM Smart

SANDBOX
Programme





Environment configuration:

- Use build configuration files to define different package names for different environments. For instance, in Android, you can use build.gradle to specify different application IDs for UAT and production builds.

```
groovy

android {
    buildTypes {
        release {
            applicationId "com.example.app.production"
        }
        debug {
            applicationId "com.example.app.uat"
        }
    }
}
```



Direct API Integration:

Use direct API calls to the backend services without involving a broker page. Ensure that your app is configured to handle these API endpoints directly.

Testing Procedures:

Ensure your testing strategy accommodates the lack of a broker page. This includes:

- Unit testing of API calls.

- Integration testing to ensure that your app functions correctly with the backend services.

Fallback Mechanisms:

If applicable, consider implementing fallback mechanisms in your app. For example, if an API call fails, you could provide cached data or a default response.

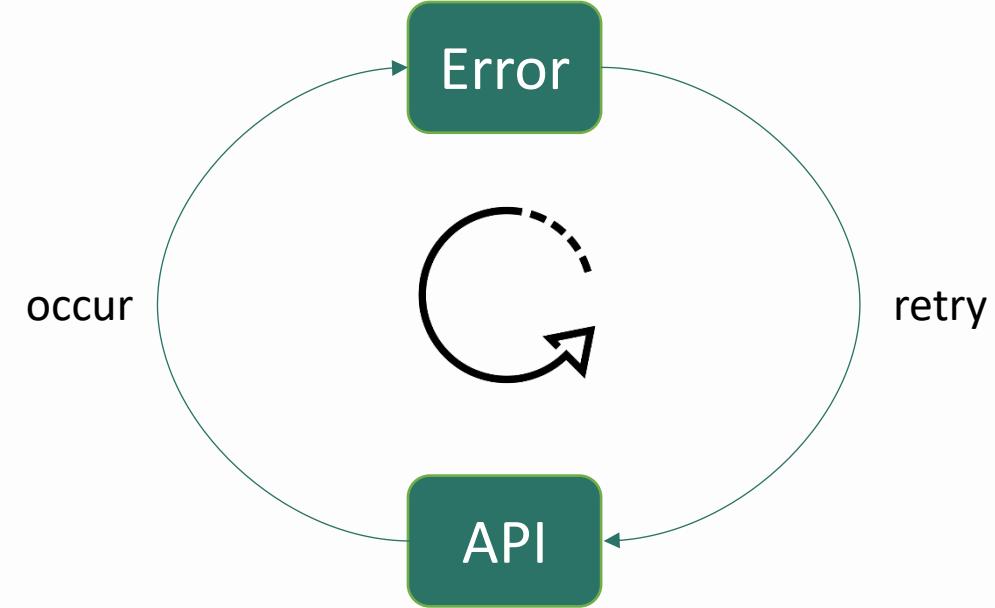
Security Considerations:

Ensure that all API communications are secure (e.g., using HTTPS) and that sensitive data is handled appropriately, especially without the broker page serving as an intermediary.



Tip 3: CEK calling for API

- Encryption/Decryption Error
Code may be received due to unexpected reasons
- Online service shall retry the “Request Symmetric Content Encryption Key” API



- https://<iAM_Smart_domain>/api/v1/security/getKey

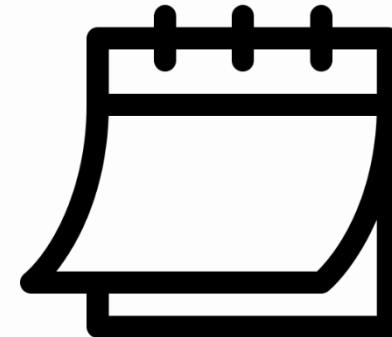


Tip 4: KEK expired



2024.12.31 23:59

loading



2025.01.01 00:00



Key of 2024 cert

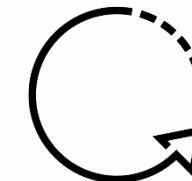


Key of 2025 cert

Time

- Loading for couple seconds
- Key unmatched
- Public key of 2024 cert
- Private key of 2025 cert

Solve

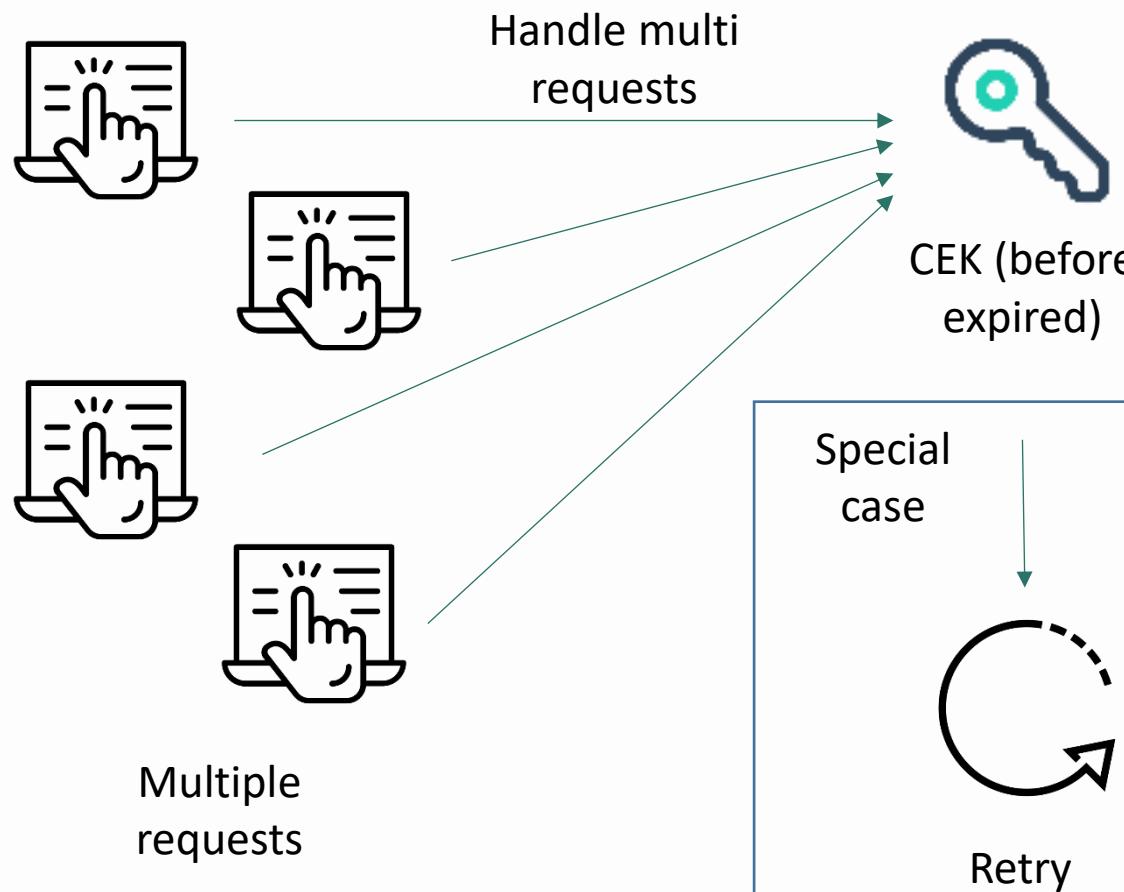


Fail and retry

Retry with Key of 2025 cert



Tip 5: Excessive CEK request



- A CEK would be applied into encryption/decryption for many times
- It is not supposed to generate a new CEK by request, unless
 - Encryption/Decryption fail
 - Other problems need retry
- Should not be request before expired



Question:

Which algorithm would be used for business data encryption?

- A. HKRCA
- B. AES-128
- C. AES-256
- D. HTTPS

Answer: C